

SmartLAMP

US Pat. No.: Patent Pending Technology Readiness Level: 4

Key elements demonstrated in a laboratory environment

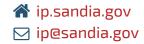
Researchers at Sandia National Laboratories have developed a smartphone-controlled, batteryoperated point-of-care diagnostic device that weighs under a pound, costs as little as \$100 and can detect Zika and other vector-borne diseases rapidly and accurately. Current testing for mosquitoborne viruses requires a full laboratory that leaves patients waiting for days to get their results. The instruments used to perform these tests are roughly the size of a microwave and can cost up to \$20,000. These expensive testing sites make rapid testing unrealistic for limited-resource clinics in developing countries where the viruses are most prevalent.



Sandian Researchers with the SmartLAMP prototype

Sandia's SmartLAMP device is smaller than a shoebox and works by using a smartphone's camera as a fluorimeter via a Bluetooth connection. The device uses loop-mediated isothermal amplification (LAMP) diagnostic method that can work directly from human samples (blood, saliva or urine) without the need for complex sample prep. The user simply opens the app and places their smartphone on top of the SmartLAMP device and it will begin testing the human samples inside the device, giving the user accurate results in 30 minutes. The entire assembly requires little energy and can be powered by a 5 volt USB source such as a USB power bank or solar panel, meaning that it will be able to be used in the most remote areas where there is no stable power grid. The only equipment a user needs is SmartLAMP and a cellphone with an optical sensor. The smartphone used in Sandia's successful prototype testing cost a mere \$20.

SmartLAMP is an affordable diagnostic device that offers ease of use and speed of diagnosis. SmartLAMP can be used by almost anyone, anywhere—in hospitals, in the field, at airports, by first responders, military or minimally trained personnel—a doctor or medical professional is not required. This will allow small clinics to test patients and quickly get results, allowing them to make faster decisions about patient care and isolation, and rapidly alert public health authorities to help prevent the spread of the virus.

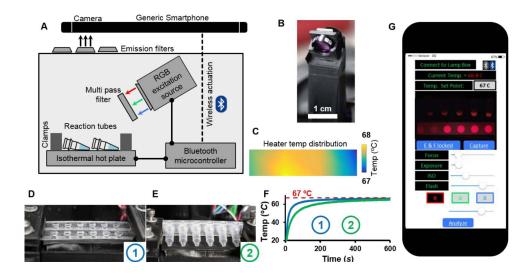


TECHNICAL BENEFITS

- More accessible testing for mosquito-borne viruses
- Massively reduced cost compared to currently testing equipment
- Faster and more accurate testing of human samples—results within 30 minutes
- User-friendly—no need for expensive equipment and medical training
- · Compact device that can work in areas with no stable electrical grid
- Eliminates need for lab preparation of biological samples and refrigeration
- Device can be adapted to detect other human or animal pathogens

INDUSTRIES & APPLICATIONS

- Any country affected by mosquito-borne viruses
- Limited-resource clinics
- Areas affected by mosquito-borne viruses that have unstable power grids
- Areas with minimally trained medical professional and limited medical facilities
- Any area that needs to detect human or animal pathogens



SmartLAMP: Smartphone enabled ZIKA detection: (A) Schematic of the RT-LAMP detection setup depicting the isothermal heater with reaction tubes, LED excitation source and Bluetooth microcontroller (Arduino Uno). (B) A 3 watt RGB LED coupled with an RGB multi band pass filter ensures a narrow excitation source for the assay reagents. (C) The isothermal heater provides a uniform surface temperature distribution within a 1° C variation. The heaters can be loaded with either (D) off the shelf PCR polypropylene tubes or (E) custom made laser-cut reaction wells. (F) Thermal management and heat ramp rates are greatly improved with custom laser-cut wells. (G) The smartphone app wirelessly actuates the isothermal heater and RGB LED excitation source to enable real time temperature monitoring, changing the heater set point and illuminating the samples with appropriate excitation light source. The illuminated reagents are captured by the smartphone camera equipped with an interchangeable emission filter and the images are analyzed subsequently.

